

# Sample Program 3.1

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## Average Age

**Problem statement.** Write five different versions of a program to average three ages and output the results to the console with a label. Each version should use a different sequence to total the three ages.

### Solution #1.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int age1 = 19;
    int age2 = 21;
    int age3 = 30;
    int averageAge;

    averageAge = age1 + age2;
    averageAge = averageAge + age3;
    averageAge = averageAge / 3;

    cout << "The average of three ages is " << averageAge << endl;
}
```

### Solution #2.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int age1 = 19;
    int age2 = 21;
    int age3 = 30;
    int averageAge;

    averageAge = age1 + age2 + age3;
    averageAge = averageAge / 3;

    cout << "The average of three ages is " << averageAge << endl;
}
```

### Solution #3.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int age1 = 19;
    int age2 = 21;
    int age3 = 30;
    int averageAge;

    averageAge = (age1 + age2 + age3) / 3;

    cout << "The average of three ages is " << averageAge << endl;
}
```

### Solution #4.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int age1 = 19;
    int age2 = 21;
    int age3 = 30;
    int averageAge = (age1 + age2 + age3) / 3;

    cout << "The average of three ages is " << averageAge << endl;
}
```

### Solution #5.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int age1 = 19;
    int age2 = 21;
    int age3 = 30;

    cout << "The average of three ages is ";
    cout << ((age1 + age2 + age3) / 3) << endl;
}
```